MENTORING MATTERS **CREATING A CULTURE OF MENTORSHIP WITHIN YOUR PROPOSAL TEAM**

BY BRUCE FARRELL, APMP FELLOW MIKE PARKINSON, CPP APMP, FELLOW

A CEPAPMP, FELLOW

Bruce Ferrell APMP FELLOW

MENTORING MATTERS **CREATING A CULTURE OF MENTORSHIP WITHIN** YOUR PROPOSAL TEAM

Good teaching cannot be reduced to technique; good teaching comes from the identity and integrity of the teacher. P. J. PALMER



DENNIS FIZGERALD

What did I get out of it?

80% attitude/20% aptitude Attitude of gratitude Fail forward









What did I get out of it?

Do what you want to do. Have a plan. Go for it!

Still going at 848

Should you be a mentor? Maybe?

Do you have something to offer? Do you have the time?

Can you share a
significant
mentorship
experience from
your own life?

The Henton









PREPARATION

NEGOTIATION

ENABLING GROWTH CLOSURE



PREPARATION

Finding out whether mentor and mentee can work well together



NEGOTIATION

Defining the nature, the timeframe, and the process of the relationship and how to work towards the agreed-upon goals



ENABLING GROWTH

Regular interaction to facilitate growth toward agreed goals



CLOSURE

Evaluating and celebrating accomplishments and deciding how to move on

What advice would you give to someone who is considering becoming a mentor for the first time?

So how does this work?

ONE-TO-ONE MENTORING An experienced mentor intentionally invests in helping a mentee grow professionally.

GROUP MENTORING A mentor is assigned to a group of mentees who meet regularly.

PEER MENTORING

People who are in similar situations come together to learn from each other. It can take place between two people or in a group setting.

MENTORING CONSTELLATION

A mentee has several mentors who each focus on passing on specific competencies in their domain of expertise. A primary mentor oversees the mentorship but the mentee benefits from a diverse group of competency mentors. This type of mentoring is also called a composite of mentors.

TEAM MENTORING

A mentor comes alongside an established team to facilitate their learning (from each other as well as from the mentor) and guide them to reach the goals they have set for themselves as a team.



HYBRID

A mixed method using a combination of the above mentioned types of mentoring relationships to accommodate for individual and cultural preferences.

What strategies do you use to help mentees set and achieve their goals?

There are DIFFERENT WAYS for mentors and mentees to interact and make use of all types of mentoring.

INFORMAL MENTORING

A natural mentoring relationship that is loosely structured and based on the personal initiative of the mentee and mentor.

FORMAL MENTORING

A formal mentoring agreement between a mentor, mentee, and supervisor whereas each are intentional about reaching the goals of the mentorship.

A.I. MENTORING

Leveraging a surrogate that can answer questions and provide objective, informed answers.

A.I. MENTORING Wait...What?

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Do you use Al mentoring?

MicroMentor by Mercy Corps

THE MENTOR METHOD

Μ

M

Short-term or single session

Requires only a small time commitment from mentors and mentees Requires a continued time commitment from mentors and mentees

A long-term

relationship

Focuses on short-term objectives Focuses on long-term objectives

Revolves around a specific topic, skill, or project

Revolves around personal growth and developing potential

Traditional Mentoring

Micro Mentoring

MORE ABOUT THE FOUR STAGES OF A MENTORING RELATIONSHIP





PREPARATION

- Goal setting
- Join a mentoring program
- Establishing compatibility

NEGOTIATION

- Building rapport and trust
- Working out action-plan for goals
- Getting to know each other

ENABLING GROWTH

- Building skills
- Overcoming barriers to growth
- Developing growth mindset
- Accountability

CLOSURE

- Reflection
- Building confidence to continue growing
- Paying it forward

MORE ABOUT THE FOUR STAGES OF A MENTORING RELATIONSHIP





PREPARATION

- Have your first meeting
- Assign homework

NEGOTIATION

- Review the Framing the Issue worksheet
- Set goals
- Plan the next meeting and steps

ENABLING GROWTH

 Stay consistent and committed to reaching the agreed-upon goals

CLOSURE

- Celebrate accomplishments
- Look back
- Continue on

QUESTIONS

BRUCE FARRELL

Retired *(maybe!),* Plante Moran brucefarrellmusic.com (c) 248-798-4332 bruce.farrell@gmail.com

MIKE PARKINSON

Principal, 24 Hour Company www.24hrco.com (c) 703-626-5657 mike@24hrco.com

- What are the key qualities you look for in a mentor?
- How do you balance being supportive with challenging your mentee to grow?
- Can you share a significant mentorship experience from your own life?
- What strategies do you employ to help mentees set and achieve their goals?
- How do you handle disagreements or conflicts that may arise between you and your mentee?
- In what ways do you tailor your mentorship approach to the individual needs and goals of each mentee?
- How do you foster a sense of trust and open communication in the mentormentee relationship?

- Can you provide an example of a time when you had to provide constructive criticism to a mentee?
- How do you help mentees navigate challenges and setbacks they encounter along their journey?
- What advice would you give to someone who is considering becoming a mentor for the first time?
- How do you stay updated and relevant in your field to better guide your mentees?
- What boundaries do you set in your mentorship relationships to ensure a healthy dynamic?
- Can you share a memorable success story of a mentee you've worked with?
- How do you encourage mentees to take risks and step out of their comfort zones?
- What do you find most rewarding about being a mentor?