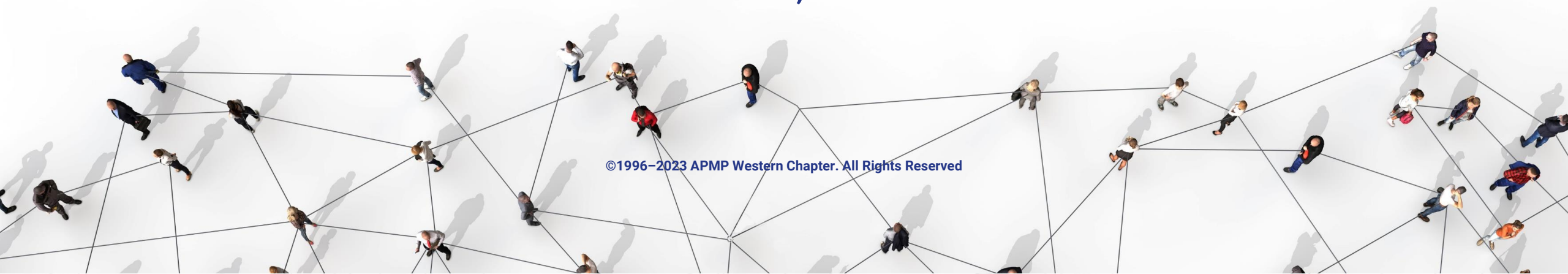




# AI in the Spotlight: Balancing Governance and Ethics for Proposal Managers

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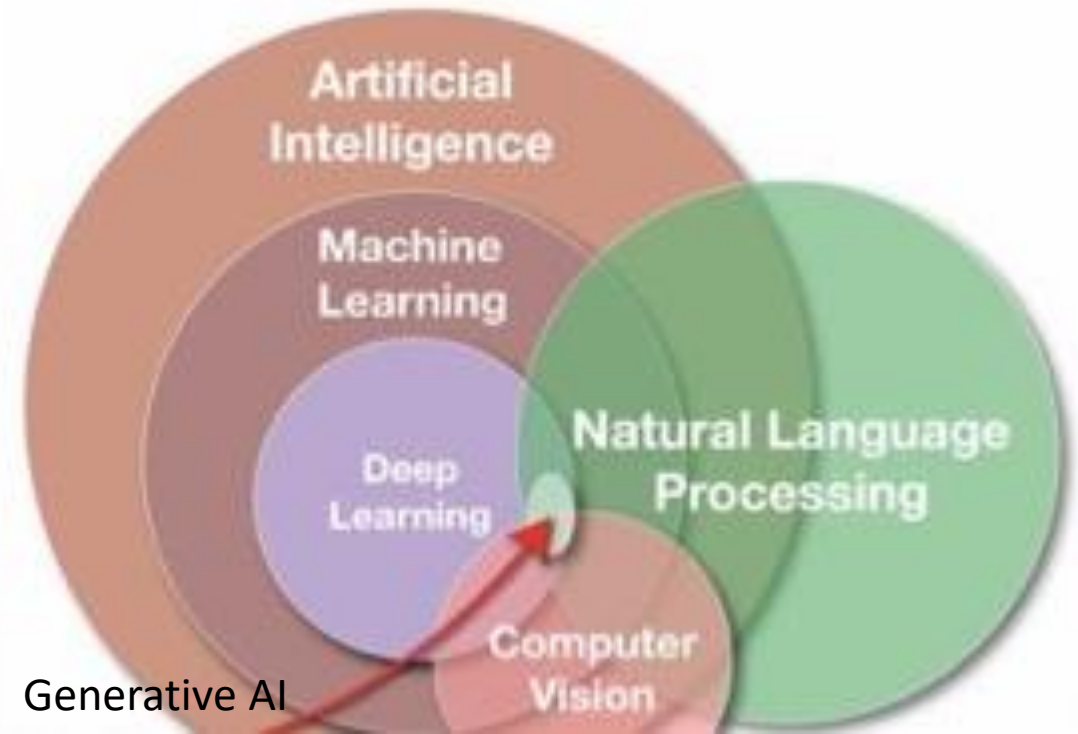


# Agenda

- The Legal Landscape
- Governance Principles in AI
- Ethical Challenges in AI
- Opportunities and Solutions
- Future Outlook

# Introduction to Generative AI

- Adaptive Algorithms
  - Learn and improve over time
  - Creating new, coherent data based on the input it has been trained on
- Content Creation & Augmentation:
  - Assist in creating text, images, music, etc... to augment creative processes
- Personalized Experiences:
  - Education: developing personalized learning pathways
  - Marketing: creating tailored marketing strategies.



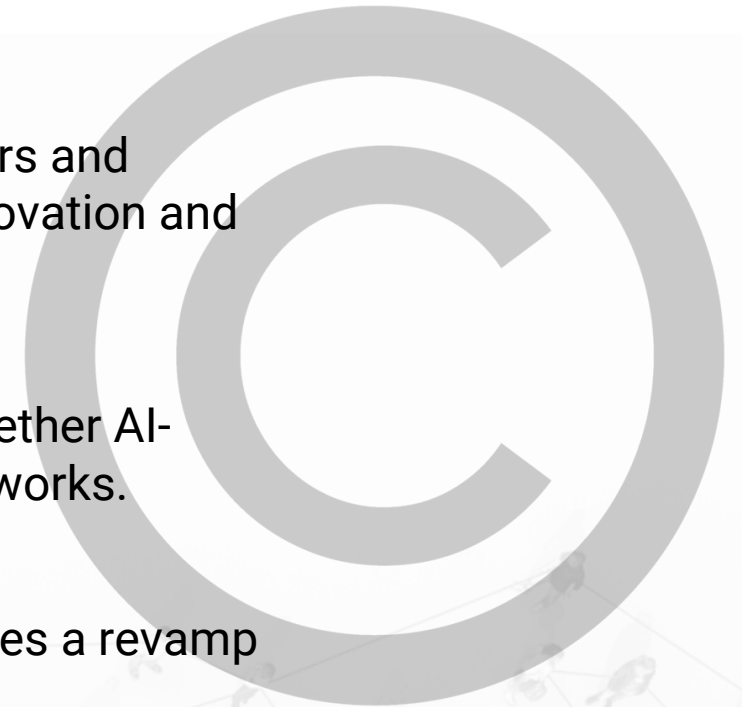
Generative AI  
& Large  
Language  
Models (LLM)

# The Legal Landscape

# Generative AI and Copyright

US Copyright Office (USCO) conducted listening sessions earlier this year to understand various perspectives from different sectors

- Fair Use:
  - Strives to maintain balance between the rights of the copyright holders and fostering reasonable uses that facilitate public benefit and foster innovation and creativity.
- Economic Impacts:
  - The core concern here revolves around market harm, considering whether AI-generated content can potentially affect market demand for original works.
- New Licensing Models:
  - AI systems create content influenced by copyrighted materials requires a revamp of traditional licensing frameworks.
- International Implications:
  - Goals for international treaties.



# Generative AI in California

- 35 of the world's top 50 AI companies reside here
- Executive order September 6th
  - California will focus on shaping the future of ethical, transparent, and trustworthy AI
- Includes:
  - Risk-Analysis Report
  - Procurement Blueprint
  - Beneficial Uses of GenAI Report
  - Deployment and Analysis Framework
  - State Employee Training
  - GenAI Partnership and Symposium
  - Legislative Engagement
  - Ongoing Analysis



# Generative AI and Ethics

## Bias and Fairness:

Addressing and mitigating biases in AI algorithms is essential to ensure fairness and inclusivity.

## Privacy Concerns:

Handle data responsibly, safeguarding individual privacy and adhering to relevant data protection regulations.

## Accountability and Transparency:

Developers and users of AI technologies should prioritize transparency in AI algorithms to foster trust and facilitate understanding

## Safe and Beneficial AI:

Creating AI that aligns with human values and operates within defined and ethically accepted boundaries, avoiding potential harms and adverse impacts on society.



# Governance Principles in AI



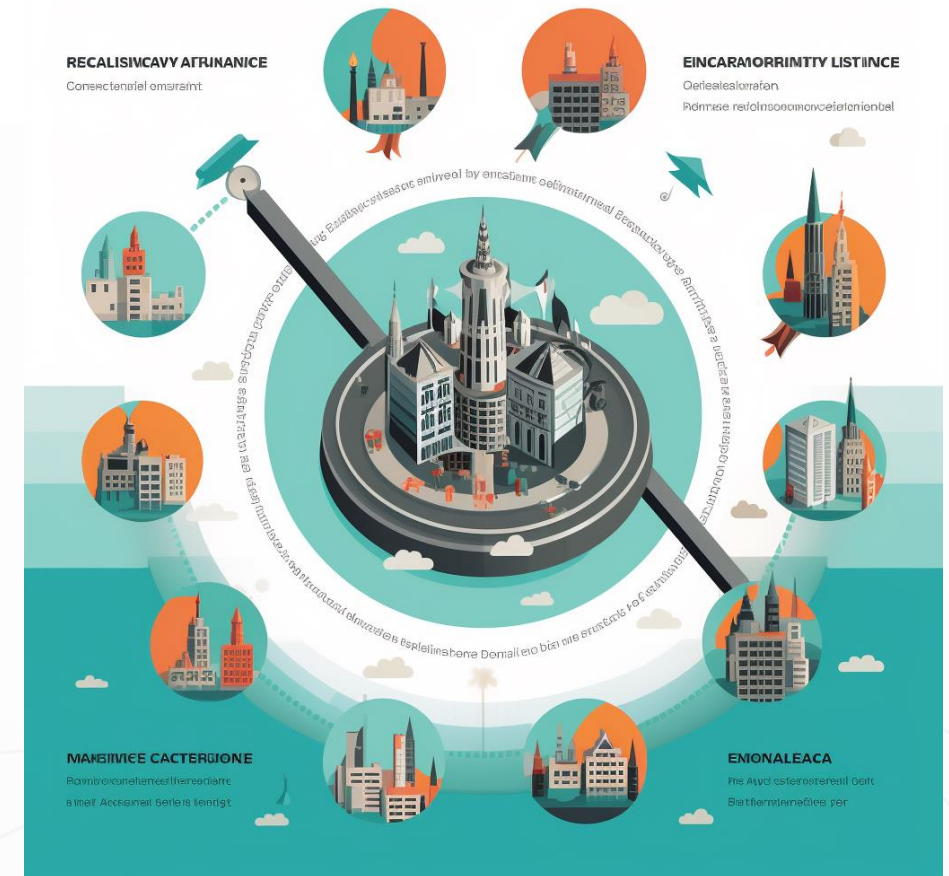
# What is Governance in AI?

- Definition: Governance in AI refers to the ethical and operational guidelines that oversee AI development and usage.
- Importance: Ensures ethical and transparent AI practices.
- Consequences: Poor governance can lead to legal repercussions and loss of stakeholder trust.
- Governance in AI is like the rulebook in a game.



# Key Governance Principles

- **Transparency:** Openness about how AI algorithms work.
- **Accountability:** Holding entities responsible for AI actions.
- **Fairness:** Ensuring unbiased and equitable AI operations.
- **Interrelation:** All three principles work in tandem for effective governance.



# Role of Governance in Proposal Management

- Ethical Data Collection: Ensures data used is sourced responsibly.
- Algorithmic Decision-Making: Governance provides a framework for ethical algorithms.
- Conflict of Interest: Prevents unethical advantages in proposal evaluations.



# Ethical Challenges in AI

# Data Privacy

- Types of Data: Personal, financial, and operational data.
- Risks: Data breaches, identity theft, and financial loss.
- Laws: GDPR, CCPA, and other data protection regulations.
- Best Practices: Encryption, anonymization, and regular audits.



# Algorithmic Bias

- Definition: Inherent or learned bias in AI algorithms.
- Examples: Gender bias in job proposal evaluations.
- Sources: Biased training data, human prejudices.
- Mitigation: Regular audits, diverse training data.



# Responsible Use of AI

Ethical Boundaries: What AI should and shouldn't do.

AI for Good: Using AI to improve proposal quality and fairness.

Potential for Misuse: Over-reliance, job loss.



# Opportunities and Solutions



# Leveraging Governance for Better AI

- Improving Fairness: Governance can standardize fairness metrics.
- Data Integrity: Ensures high-quality, unbiased data.
- Enhanced Transparency: Clear documentation and open algorithms.



# Future Outlook

# Future Challenges

- Emerging Tech: Quantum computing, neural networks.
- Evolving Governance: New laws and guidelines.
- Innovation vs. Ethics: Striking a balance.



# Future Opportunities

- Equitable Systems: Governance for social good.
- Public Trust: Transparency fosters trust.
- Upcoming Tech: AI in green energy proposals.



# Getting Started

- Risk-Analysis Report
- Procurement Blueprint
- Beneficial Uses of GenAI Report
- Deployment and Analysis Framework
- State Employee Training
- GenAI Partnership and Symposium
- Legislative Engagement
- Ongoing Analysis

